

99046068001005, 99046068001005

Joint certificate of inheritance Issue of joint minimum divisional certificate of inheritance

Heruntergeladen am 12.07.2025

<https://fimportal.de/xzufi-services/376466608/L100001>

Modul	Sachverhalt
Leistungsschlüssel	99046068001005, 99046068001005
Leistungsbezeichnung I	Joint certificate of inheritance Issue of joint minimum divisional certificate of inheritance
Leistungsbezeichnung II	
Typisierung	2/3 - Bund: Regelung (2 oder 3), Land/Kommune: Vollzug
Quellredaktion	Hessen
Freigabestatus Katalog	unbestimmter Freigabestatus
Freigabestatus Bibliothek	fachlich freigegeben (silber)
Begriffe im Kontext	
Leistungstyp	Leistungsobjekt mit Verrichtung
Leistungsgruppierung	Gerichtliche Leistungen (046)
Verrichtungskennung	Erteilung (001)
SDG-Informationsbereich	Erbansprüche und -pflichten in einem anderen

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	Mitgliedstaat, einschließlich Steuervorschriften
Lagen Portalverbund	Urkunden und Bescheinigungen (1070200), Erbschaft, Nachlass und Testament (1190200)
Einheitlicher Ansprechpartner	Nein
Fachlich freigegeben am	23.06.2021
Fachlich freigegeben durch	Ministry of Justice of Lower Saxony
Handlungsgrundlage	https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/bgb/BJNR001950896.html#BJNR001950896BJNG020002377
Teaser	The probate court may also issue a so-called joint minimum certificate of inheritance for several heirs. Each co-heir can apply for a joint minimum certificate of inheritance.
Volltext	<p>When a testator dies, he usually leaves not only one heir, but several. These heirs become part of the so-called community of heirs at the time of inheritance. The estate is only divided among the individual heirs in accordance with the agreements made after the inheritance has been divided.</p> <p>In principle, each individual co-heir can apply for a certificate of inheritance with which he or she can prove to third parties that he or she is the rightful heir. If, however, the community of heirs wishes to act jointly and to deal with banks, insurers and the land registry, a joint certificate of inheritance is often necessary.</p> <p>A minimum certificate of inheritance can be applied for if not all heirs have been determined yet, e.g. because they still have to be identified, but it is clear to what extent an heir has at least a share in the estate. The minimum certificate of inheritance then only shows the inheritance quota that would be attributable to the applicant for the certificate of inheritance if there were actually still heirs in the line or tribe that has not yet been clarified.</p>
Erforderliche Unterlagen	• Your identity card or passport,

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the death certificate of the deceased person (testator), • the family register to document your relationship, • information on whether there is a lawsuit concerning your inheritance, • names and addresses of co-heirs, • evidence of the reasons why certain persons who would actually inherit are no longer heirs, for example, their death certificates, letters testamentary or declarations of renunciation of inheritance, • if applicable, wills or inheritance contracts, • the matrimonial property regime (in the case of married couples) or the property status (in the case of registered civil partnerships).
Voraussetzungen	There are co-heirs and they would like to apply for a joint certificate of inheritance. However, not all co-heirs are available to apply. The established heirs have a minimum quota, as there are other heirs who have not yet been established.
Kosten	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The fees for a certificate of inheritance are regulated in the German Law on Court and Notary Fees (Gerichts- und Notarkostengesetz, GNotKG) and are based on the value of the estate after deduction of debts. • In addition to the fee for the issue of a certificate of inheritance, costs for affidavits and notary fees may be incurred - plus statutory value added tax
Verfahrensablauf	After you have applied for the certificate of inheritance, the local court checks the eligibility and issues the certificate of inheritance.
Bearbeitungsdauer	The processing time depends on the complexity of the inheritance case.
Frist	none
weiterführende Informationen	https://www.bmj.de/SharedDocs/Publikationen/DE/Broschueren/Erben_Vererben.html https://www.bmj.de/SharedDocs/Publikationen/DE/Broschueren/Erben_Vererben.html
Hinweise	

Modul

Sachverhalt

Rechtsbehelf

Complaint

Insofar as there are conflicting interests in the inheritance certificate proceedings before the probate court, the probate court may not grant the inheritance certificate immediately. The Local Court issues an order in which it states that it considers the facts required to substantiate the application for a certificate of inheritance to have been established.

Pursuant to §§ 58, 63 FamFG, the parties then have the opportunity to appeal against this order within a period of one month.

The certificate of inheritance is only granted if, after the expiry of the one-month period, no one has lodged an appeal against the order of the probate court and the order has thus become final.

In addition, pursuant to § 59 FamFG, an appeal may be lodged by a person who has not been able to convince the probate court with his or her arguments in the inheritance certificate proceedings and whose rights are thereby impaired.

Contest

By applying for a certificate of inheritance, the inheritance is automatically deemed to have been accepted - it is then no longer possible to contest the inheritance.

Heirs can then only avoid the inheritance by contesting the certificate of inheritance. However, a reason for contesting the certificate of inheritance must be proven. In principle, only the person who would benefit from a contestation may contest a certificate of inheritance. It is recommended to seek legal advice from a lawyer in this regard.

Sole Inheritance Certificates: These can only be contested by sole heirs.

Partial and joint certificates of inheritance: Each heir

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	<p>within the community of heirs is entitled to contest the certificate.</p> <p>https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/famfg/_58.html</p> <p>https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/famfg/_59.html</p> <p>https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/famfg/_63.html</p>
Kurztext	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If there are co-heirs, they can apply to the probate court for a joint certificate of inheritance. • If this is not requested for all of them, it is only a joint partial certificate of inheritance. • The certificate of inheritance is an official certificate issued by the probate court which provides information on the inheritance rights of certain persons. • Determination of the minimum inheritance quota in the case of further heirs who have not yet been determined • The joint minimum certificate of inheritance can be issued on the basis of a will or in accordance with intestate succession.
Ansprechpunkt	
Zuständige Stelle	The locally competent district court.
Formulare	Forms are not required.
Ursprungsportal	<p>Gemeinschaftlicher Erbschein Erteilung</p> <p>Gemeinschaftlicher Mindestteilerbschein, Joint certificate of inheritance Issue of joint minimum divisional certificate of inheritance</p>