

99090013013001

Information on ragweed (ragweed)

Heruntergeladen am 26.07.2025

<https://fimportal.de/xzufi-services/277007736/L100008>

Modul	Sachverhalt
Leistungsschlüssel	99090013013001
Leistungsbezeichnung I	Information on ragweed (ragweed)
Leistungsbezeichnung II	
Typisierung	2/3 - Bund: Regelung (2 oder 3), Land/Kommune: Vollzug
Quellredaktion	Sachsen-Anhalt
Freigabestatus Katalog	unbestimmter Freigabestatus
Freigabestatus Bibliothek	unbestimmter Freigabestatus
Begriffe im Kontext	
Leistungstyp	Leistungsobjekt mit Verrichtung
Leistungsgruppierung	Naturschutz (090)
Verrichtungskennung	Informationserteilung (013)
SDG-Informationsbereich	
Lagen Portalverbund	Klima, Natur und Arten (1170100), Tier-, Pflanzen- und Naturschutz (2130200)
Einheitlicher Ansprechpartner	Nein

Modul

Sachverhalt

Fachlich freigegeben am

Fachlich freigegeben durch

Handlungsgrundlage

https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/bnatschg_2009/_40.html
https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/bnatschg_2009/_40.html

Teaser

Volltext

Ragweed (also known as ragweed, ragweed or wild hemp) originates from the north-eastern United States and is increasingly spreading in Europe.

The plant has now also been discovered in some areas of Germany. The inconspicuous plant can trigger severe hay fever and in some cases asthma through inhalation of the pollen or skin contact.

The annual plant is a late bloomer and can flower from July to October. It develops mainly in open areas in fields, on roadsides and in gardens, especially at bird feeding sites from the previous winter due to contaminated bird food, but also in rubble pits and on building sites.

The bunchgrass grows to a height of 30 - 150 cm, has a taproot and green, strongly incised leaves on both sides. The leaves are hairy with whitish veins and are triangular to oval in shape. There is no odor when the leaves are rubbed. The stem is white - reddish, hairy and very branched. The plant bears both male and female flowers, the males forming a spike-like raceme at the end of the branches, each with 5 - 20 tubular yellow-green flowers in a hemispherical sheath. The female flowers are greenish and sit below the male flowers, with an inverted conical involucre. It is often confused with common mugwort, Verlot's mugwort, wormwood, amaranth, goosefoot and common chamomile.

Erforderliche Unterlagen

Voraussetzungen

Modul	Sachverhalt
Kosten	
Verfahrensablauf	
Bearbeitungsdauer	
Frist	
weiterführende Informationen	
Hinweise	Remove the plant and its roots immediately. Wear gloves to do this and a dust mask is recommended for flowering plants. Dispose of the plants in a plastic bag in the household waste. Allergy sufferers should not carry out this work! You should report larger plant populations. https://www.julius-kuehn.de/media/Veroeffentlichungen/Flyer/Ambrosia.pdf https://www.daab.de/ https://www.julius-kuehn.de/media/Veroeffentlichungen/Flyer/Ambrosia.pdf https://www.daab.de/
Rechtsbehelf	
Kurztext	
Ansprechpunkt	Responsibility lies with the Julius Kühn Institute, Federal Research Institute for Cultivated Plants (JKI) https://www.julius-kuehn.de/ https://www.julius-kuehn.de/
Zuständige Stelle	
Formulare	
Ursprungsportal	Informationen zum Beifußblättrigem Traubenkraut (Ambrosia), Information on ragweed (ragweed)