



## 99101007012000

## Have a death certificate issued

Heruntergeladen am 28.07.2025 https://fimportal.de/xzufi-services/390790501/L100008

Modul	Sachverhalt
Leistungsschlüssel	99101007012000
Leistungsbezeichnung I	Have a death certificate issued
Leistungsbezeichnung II	
Typisierung	4 - Land: Regelung
Quellredaktion	Sachsen-Anhalt
Freigabestatus Katalog	unbestimmter Freigabestatus
Freigabestatus Bibliothek	unbestimmter Freigabestatus
Begriffe im Kontext	
Leistungstyp	Leistungsobjekt mit Verrichtung
Leistungsgruppierung	Sterbefall (101)
Verrichtungskennung	Ausstellung (012)
SDG-Informationsbereich	
Lagen Portalverbund	Urkunden und Bescheinigungen (1070200), Todesfall (1190100)
Einheitlicher Ansprechpartner	Nein
Fachlich freigegeben am	11.05.2020





Modul	Sachverhalt
Fachlich freigegen durch	Ministry of Labour, Social Affairs and Integration of the State of Saxony-Anhalt
Handlungsgrundlage	https://www.landesrecht.sachsen-anhalt.de/perma?j=B estattG_ST_%21_7 https://www.landesrecht.sachsen-anhalt.de/perma?j=B estattV_ST_%21_1 https://www.landesrecht.sachsen-anhalt.de/perma?j=B estattG_ST_%21_7 https://www.landesrecht.sachsen-anhalt.de/perma?j=B estattV_ST_%21_1
Teaser	If a person dies, a death certificate must be issued. You can find out who gets them and what they are important for here.
Volltext	Every deceased person must be medically examined. In this so-called morgue, the death itself, the cause and type of death as well as the time of death are notarized.
	After the post-mortem examination, a death certificate is issued immediately by the doctor.
	The death certificate consists of a non-confidential and a confidential part.
	In the non-confidential part, personal data of the deceased person (name, main residence, date of birth) as well as the place and time of death, the type of death (natural/non-natural) and the last attending physician are recorded.
	The confidential part also contains information on the cause of death. In the case of a disease as the cause of death, this is called, but also serious other diseases are listed. In the event of an accidental death, the type of accident is specified in more detail (for example, traffic accident, work accident).
	In the case of so-called "legitimate interest", third parties have a right of inspection of the death certificate. This applies, for .B, to funeral homes.
	If you as a relative would like to have the deceased





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	person transferred from another federal state to Saxony-Anhalt, you can present the death certificate as proof.
Erforderliche Unterlagen	None.
Voraussetzungen	A post-mortem examination took place
Kosten	The costs of the post-mortem examination and the issuance of the death certificate are to be borne by those who have to take care of the funeral.
Verfahrensablauf	Once a person is deceased, the deceased person must undergo a medical examination.
	The doctor issues the death certificate after the examination.
	The death certificate is issued in multiple copies. For some recipients (health office, statistical office, medical person for the 2nd morgue, issuing doctor) a copy is provided, which contains both the confidential and the non-confidential part. The registry office receives a copy only with the non-confidential part. The copy, which is intended for the issuing physician, keeps it immediately with him. You as a relative or relative will receive the remaining copies, partly in a sealed envelope
	All copies of the death certificate that you have received must be presented to the registry office so that the death certificate can be issued. The registry office forwards all copies to the intended recipients.
Bearbeitungsdauer	
Frist	
weiterführende Informationen	
Hinweise	
Rechtsbehelf	
Kurztext	





Modul	Sachverhalt
Ansprechpunkt	Please contact the municipality or district-free city in which the person died.
Zuständige Stelle	
Formulare	
Ursprungsportal	Have a death certificate issued, Todesbescheinigung ausstellen lassen