



## 99025002005000, 99025002005000 **Restaurant license**

Heruntergeladen am 08.06.2025 https://fimportal.de/xzufi-services/8962780/L100012

Modul	Sachverhalt
Leistungsschlüssel	99025002005000, 99025002005000
Leistungsbezeichnung I	Restaurant license
Leistungsbezeichnung II	Restaurant license
Typisierung	2/3 - Bund: Regelung (2 oder 3), Land/Kommune: Vollzug
Quellredaktion	Schleswig-Holstein
Freigabestatus Katalog	fachlich freigegeben (gold)
Freigabestatus Bibliothek	fachlich freigegeben (gold)
Begriffe im Kontext	
Leistungstyp	Leistungsobjekt mit Verrichtung
Leistungsgruppierung	Gaststätten (025)
Verrichtungskennung	Erlaubnis (005)
SDG-Informationsbereich	Erlangung von Lizenzen, Genehmigungen oder Zulassungen im Hinblick auf die Gründung und Führung eines Unternehmens
Lagen Portalverbund	Anmeldepflichten (2010100), Erlaubnisse und Genehmigungen (2010400)





Modul	Sachverhalt
Einheitlicher Ansprechpartner	Ja
Fachlich freigegeben am	07.11.2017
Fachlich freigegen durch	Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Energy, Division VIIB3
Handlungsgrundlage	https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/gastg/_2.html https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/gastg/_4.html https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/gastg/_14.html
Teaser	lf you want to run a restaurant, you will need a restaurant license in most cases.
Volltext	If you want to operate a restaurant business that serves alcohol, you generally need a restaurant license.
	Irrespective of the restaurant permit discussed here and depending on your offer, you may have to fulfill further registration and licensing obligations, for example in accordance with the Trade Regulation Act and the Crafts Code.
	You operate a catering business if you commercially
	<ul> <li>in a standing business, i.e. in a permanent establishment, serve drinks (pub business) or prepared food (restaurant business) for consumption on the spot or</li> <li>serve drinks or prepared food for consumption on the premises in a traveling trade (from a fixed business premises only for the duration of an event).</li> </ul>
	The prerequisite in any case is that the establishment is accessible to everyone.
	You do not require a restaurant license if you only serve
	<ul> <li>non-alcoholic drinks,</li> <li>free samples,</li> <li>prepared food or</li> </ul>



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	• in conjunction with an accommodation establishment, drinks and prepared food to house guests.
	to house guests.
	Special regulations apply to Straußwirtschaften (§ 14 of the Restaurant Act [GastG]).
	The permit is issued for a specific type of business (e.g. pub, discotheque, snack bar) and only applies to the rooms used for the business. A building permit may also be required.
	Permission is also required for any expansion of the restaurant business and any changes to the premises.
	In the case of civil law partnerships and commercial partnerships, a separate permit is required for each partner. In the case of legal entities and associations without legal capacity, however, only a single restaurant permit is required.
	If you wish to take over an existing restaurant business requiring a permit from another person, you can be granted a temporary permit on revocation (usually for 3 months) until the final restaurant permit is issued (§11 GastG). With this permit, the business can also be taken over at short notice.
	A permit to act as a deputy (§ 9 GastG) should be applied for if you wish to have the restaurant run by a deputy who will also be responsible to authorities and institutions. The deputy must meet the same criteria regarding personal reliability and suitability as you yourself.
Erforderliche Unterlagen	You will need the following documents to apply for a restaurant permit:
	Application for a restaurant license





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	<ul> <li>Information from the Federal Central Register (certificate of good conduct) for authorities. The certificate of good conduct must not be older than three months when applying for the restaurant license.</li> <li>Information from the central trade register for natural persons for submission to an authority. The extract from the central trade register must not be older than three months when applying for the restaurant license.</li> <li>Information from the Central Trade Register for legal entities for submission to an authority. You must apply for the extract from the central trade register at the public order office responsible for the place of business.</li> <li>Extract from the commercial register or articles of association, if applicable</li> <li>IHK certificate (§ 4 of the German Restaurant Act [GastG]). This proof is a certificate from a Chamber of Industry and Commerce (IHK) confirming participation in the catering training course or a comparable qualification confirmed by the IHK.</li> <li>Identity card or other official identification document with photograph</li> <li>Purchase, rental or lease agreement as proof that you have actual power of disposal over the business premises</li> <li>Floor plan of the rooms intended for the restaurant business and for the employees' stay)</li> </ul>
Voraussetzungen	<ul> <li>Personal reliability</li> <li>Your reliability is checked on the basis of your certificate of good conduct and extract from the central trade register.</li> <li>In the case of legal entities, the managing director must provide proof of reliability.</li> </ul>
	Suitability of the premises and the local location • The premises intended for the restaurant business must be suitable for the type and scope of the intended use and their location must not be contrary to the public interest, for example with regard to noise





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	protection
Kosten	
Verfahrensablauf	You must submit an application for a restaurant license to the responsible trade authority. You must enclose the necessary documents, unless these are obtained by the authority itself. Provided there are no grounds for refusal, the requested permit will be granted.
Bearbeitungsdauer	
Frist	
weiterführende Informationen	
Hinweise	The Restaurant Act only applies in the states of Bavaria, Berlin, Hamburg, Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania, North Rhine-Westphalia, Rhineland-Palatinate and Schleswig-Holstein. The other nine states have enacted their own state restaurant laws.
Rechtsbehelf	
Kurztext	If you want to operate a restaurant business that serves alcohol, you generally need a restaurant license.
	Irrespective of the restaurant permit discussed here and depending on your offer, you may have to fulfill further registration and licensing obligations, for example in accordance with the Trade Regulation Act and the Crafts Code.
Ansprechpunkt	Chambers of industry and commerce, chambers of skilled trades, districts, independent cities, the responsible district administrations or administrations of the independent municipalities will support you with the application.
	****Important information:****
	To apply for a permit under restaurant law in accordance with § 2 GastG via the Single Point of Contact Schleswig-Holstein, an[ electronic application





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	assistant ](https://afm.schleswig-holstein.de/intelliform/forms/la nd/ea-sh/gastg/GaststaettenrechtlicheErlaubnis/index) is available.
Zuständige Stelle	Depending on the location in which the restaurant is operated, the restaurant authority is the municipal or city administration or the district office.
Formulare	[Electronic application for a catering permit in accordance with Section 2 GastG (application assistant of the Point of Single Contact Schleswig-Holstein)](https://afm.schleswig-holstein.de/i ntelliform/forms/land/ea-sh/gastg/Gaststaettenrechtlic heErlaubnis/index)
Ursprungsportal	Restaurant license, Gaststättenerlaubnis