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Issue joint certificate of partial inheritance limited in terms of subject matter

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Modul	Sachverhalt
Leistungsschlüssel	99046068001009, 99046068001009
Leistungsbezeichnung I	lssue joint certificate of partial inheritance limited in terms of subject matter
Leistungsbezeichnung II	
Typisierung	2/3 - Bund: Regelung (2 oder 3), Land/Kommune: Vollzug
Quellredaktion	Rheinland-Pfalz
Freigabestatus Katalog	unbestimmter Freigabestatus
Freigabestatus Bibliothek	fachlich freigegeben (silber)
Begriffe im Kontext	
Leistungstyp	Leistungsobjekt mit Verrichtung
Leistungsgruppierung	Gerichtliche Leistungen (046)
Verrichtungskennung	Erteilung (001)
SDG-Informationsbereich	Erbansprüche und -pflichten in einem anderen





Modul	Sachverhalt
	Mitgliedstaat, einschließlich Steuervorschriften
Lagen Portalverbund	Erbschaft, Nachlass und Testament (1190200), Urkunden und Bescheinigungen (1070200)
Einheitlicher Ansprechpartner	Nein
Fachlich freigegeben am	23.06.2021
Fachlich freigegen durch	Ministry of Justice of Lower Saxony
Handlungsgrundlage	https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/famfg/352b.html https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/bgb/2100.html https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/bgb/BJNR0019508 96.html#BJNR001950896BJNG020002377 https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/famfg/352b.html https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/bgb/2100.html https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/bgb/BJNR0019508 96.html#BJNR001950896BJNG020002377
Teaser	The probate court can also issue a so-called joint certificate of inheritance for several heirs. Each co-heir can apply for a joint certificate of inheritance. This can be restricted in terms of subject matter if parts of the estate are located abroad.
Volltext	When a testator dies, they usually leave behind not just one heir, but several. These become part of the so-called community of heirs upon inheritance. The estate is only divided among the individual heirs in accordance with the agreements made once the estate has been settled.
	In principle, each individual co-heir can apply for a certificate of inheritance with which they can identify themselves to third parties as the rightful heir. However, if the community of heirs wishes to act jointly and deal with banks, insurers and the land registry, a joint certificate of inheritance is often required.
	The joint certificate of inheritance is issued for the inheritance rights of several but not all co-heirs at the request of a co-heir if, for example, a co-heir has emigrated and therefore cannot be contacted.





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	A certificate of inheritance limited to the deceased's assets located in Germany (estate) can be issued by the probate court upon application if the estate also includes items located abroad. A restricted certificate of inheritance should be applied for if it speeds up the procedure for issuing the certificate of inheritance (e.g. because no foreign inheritance law needs to be determined) or because the certificate of inheritance is not required abroad and the restriction can save costs. https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/famfg/352c.html https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/famfg/352c.html
Erforderliche Unterlagen	 Your identity card or passport, the death certificate of the deceased person (testator), the family record book to document the relationship, Information on whether there is a lawsuit concerning your inheritance rights, Names and addresses of the co-heirs, Proof of the reason why certain persons who would actually inherit are no longer heirs, e.g. their death certificates, declarations of inheritance or waivers of inheritance, wills or inheritance contracts, if applicable, the matrimonial property regime (in the case of married couples) or the asset status (in the case of registered civil partnerships), Proof that the estate is located abroad.
Voraussetzungen	There are co-heirs and they would like to apply for a joint certificate of inheritance. However, not all co-heirs are available to apply. Estate items are located both in Germany and abroad.
Kosten	 The fees for a certificate of inheritance are regulated in the German Court and Notary Fees Act (GNotKG) and are based on the estate value after deduction of debts. In addition to the fee for issuing a certificate of inheritance, there may be costs for declarations in lieu of an oath and notary fees - plus statutory VAT.
Verfahrensablauf	After you have applied for the certificate of inheritance, the local court will check your entitlement and issue the certificate of inheritance.





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Bearbeitungsdauer	The processing time depends on the complexity of the inheritance case.
Frist	none
weiterführende Informationen	https://www.bmj.de/SharedDocs/Publikationen/DE/Bro schueren/Erben_Vererben.pdf?blob=publicationFile& v=20 https://www.bmj.de/SharedDocs/Publikationen/DE/Bro schueren/Erben_Vererben.pdf?blob=publicationFile& v=20
Hinweise	
Rechtsbehelf	 Appeal If there are conflicting interests in the certificate of inheritance proceedings before the probate court, the probate court may not grant the certificate of inheritance immediately. The local court issues an order in which it states that it considers the facts required to justify the application for a certificate of inheritance to have been established. Pursuant to Sections 58 and 63 FamFG, the parties involved then have the opportunity to lodge an appeal against this decision within a period of one month. The certificate of inheritance is only issued if no one has lodged an appeal against the probate court's decision has thus become legally binding. In addition, pursuant to Section 59 FamFG, the person who was unable to convince the probate court with their arguments in the certificate of inheritance proceedings and whose rights have been impaired as a result can lodge an appeal. Contestation By applying for a certificate of inheritance, the inheritance is automatically deemed to have been accepted - it is then no longer possible to contest the inheritance.





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	 Heirs can then only avoid the inheritance by contesting the certificate of inheritance. However, a reason for contesting must be proven. In principle, only the person who would benefit from a contestation may contest a certificate of inheritance. It is recommended that you seek legal advice from a lawyer. Sole heir certificates: These can only be contested by sole heirs. Partial certificates of inheritance and joint certificates of inheritance: Every heir within the community of heirs is entitled to contest the certificate.
Kurztext	 If there are co-heirs, they can apply to the probate court for a joint certificate of inheritance If this is not requested for all of them, it is only a joint certificate of inheritance The certificate of inheritance is an official certificate issued by the probate court that provides information about the inheritance rights of certain persons The joint certificate of inheritance can be issued on the basis of a will or according to intestate succession If parts of the estate are located abroad, the certificate of inheritance can be limited in terms of subject matter
Ansprechpunkt	
Zuständige Stelle	
Formulare	Forms are not required.
Ursprungsportal	lssue joint certificate of partial inheritance limited in terms of subject matter, Gemeinschaftlicher Teilerbschein erteilen gegenständlich beschränkt