

99129013002000

Heruntergeladen am 14.06.2025

<https://fimportal.de/xzufi-services/3379/L100042>

Modul	Sachverhalt
Leistungsschlüssel	99129013002000
Leistungsbezeichnung I	
Leistungsbezeichnung II	Water protection area; determination
Typisierung	2/3 - Bund: Regelung (2 oder 3), Land/Kommune: Vollzug
Quellredaktion	Bayern
Freigabestatus Katalog	unbestimmter Freigabestatus
Freigabestatus Bibliothek	unbestimmter Freigabestatus
Begriffe im Kontext	
Leistungstyp	
Leistungsgruppierung	
Verrichtungskennung	
SDG-Informationsbereich	
Lagen Portalverbund	
Einheitlicher Ansprechpartner	
Fachlich freigegeben am	07.06.2024

Modul	Sachverhalt
Fachlich freigegeben durch	Bayerisches Staatsministerium für Umwelt und Verbraucherschutz (Bavarian State Ministry of the Environment and Consumer Protection)
Handlungsgrundlage	https://www.gesetze-bayern.de/Content/Document/BayWG https://www.gesetze-bayern.de/Content/Document/BayWG http://bundesrecht.juris.de/whg_2009/index.html http://bundesrecht.juris.de/whg_2009/index.html https://www.gesetze-bayern.de/Content/Document/BayWG-31 https://www.gesetze-bayern.de/Content/Document/BayWG-31 https://www.gesetze-bayern.de/Content/Document/BayWG-32 https://www.gesetze-bayern.de/Content/Document/BayWG-32
Teaser	To protect public water extraction (wells, springs), water protection areas are designated and established by ordinance by the district administrative authority.
Volltext	<p>Water protection areas not only guarantee safe drinking water. They also protect the environment and ultimately serve to protect consumers. In Bavaria, precautionary drinking water protection is based on a concept consisting of several components that build on each other (the so-called "Bavarian way"). The catchment area of a drinking water extraction plant is differentiated into three risk areas according to sensitivity. Only the particularly sensitive parts of the catchment area are designated as water protection areas under regulatory law; the remaining catchment area can be covered by the instruments of regional planning (priority and reserved areas for public water supply), by targeted catchment area management by the water supply companies (WVU), e.g. through voluntary cooperation with farmers, and by consistent enforcement of general groundwater protection. However, where sensitivity is high (e.g. in karst), the entire catchment area is covered by the WSG. This means that the water protection areas and the impact on private land can be limited to what is absolutely necessary. The proportion of the approx. 3,100</p>

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protected areas designated throughout Bavaria to date is therefore only around 5 % of the state area.

Water protection areas**** generally consist of
three protection zones :

- **Zone I (catchment area):**

The catchment area protects the wells and springs and their immediate surroundings from any kind of contamination. This area is therefore fenced off and is usually the property of the water supplier. Only selected persons have access.

- **Zone II (narrower protection zone):**

This zone primarily ensures protection against contamination by pathogens. For this reason, wastewater and liquid manure must not be allowed to seep into the ground here under any circumstances. Zone II must be large enough for the groundwater to travel underground from its outer boundary to the wells for 50 days, as this is how long it takes for it to be sufficiently purified of pathogens.

- **Zone III (further protection zone)** , sometimes subdivided into Zone IIIA and Zone IIIB:

The zone is based on the catchment area. It is intended to provide protection against contaminants that are difficult to break down, for example after accidents involving chemicals in the wider vicinity of the water extraction plants. It also ensures that there is sufficient time to take countermeasures following accidents. In large water protection areas, the "further protection zone" can be divided into a protection zone III A and III B - with different prohibitions and conditions.

As a

rule, the "Further protection zone" does not cover the entire catchment area

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The size of the protection zones is determined individually by the local hydrogeological conditions. In Bavaria, special precautions for drinking water protection are provided not only by water protection areas, but also by water management priority and reserved areas as well as responsible catchment area management by the water supply companies. In this way, water protection areas and the impact on private land can be limited to what is absolutely necessary (the "Bavarian way"). The proportion of the approx. 3,100 protected areas designated throughout Bavaria to date is therefore only around 4.9 % of the state's surface area.

Erforderliche Unterlagen
Voraussetzungen
Kosten
Verfahrensablauf
Bearbeitungsdauer
Frist

weiterführende Informationen	http://www.wasser.bayern.de http://www.wasser.bayern.de
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Hinweise
Rechtsbehelf
Kurztext
Ansprechpunkt
Zuständige Stelle
Formulare

Ursprungsportal	BayernPortal, BayernPortal
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